Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2011/05/16: CIA-RDP78T04759A002100010007-7 PHOTOGRAPHIC INTERPRE HIGH-FREQUENCY COMMUNICATIONS FACILITY CHANG-YEH AIRFIELD, CHINA 25X1 NOVEMBER 1965 181 COPY 2 PAGES GROUP 1 EXCLUDED FROM AUTOMATIC DOWN GRADING AND DECLASSIFICATION

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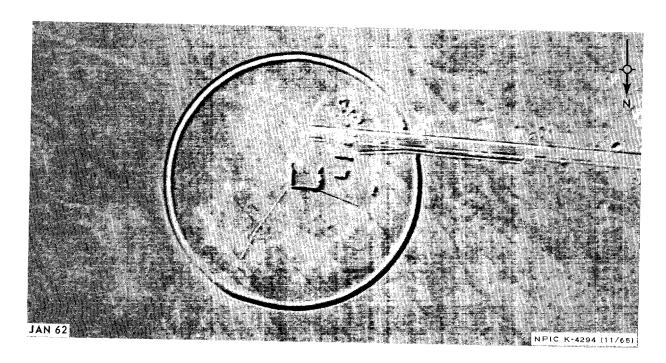
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NAME	NATIONAL PHOTOGRAP	HIC INTERP	RETATION	CENTER		-	
High-Free	quency Communications Facil	ity, Chan	g-yeh Ai	rfield		_	
COUNTRY	GEO COORDINATES	WAC	BENO	NPIC NO	COMOR NO	-	
China	38-59-00N 100-49-00E	0332	None	0332 - 1G	None		

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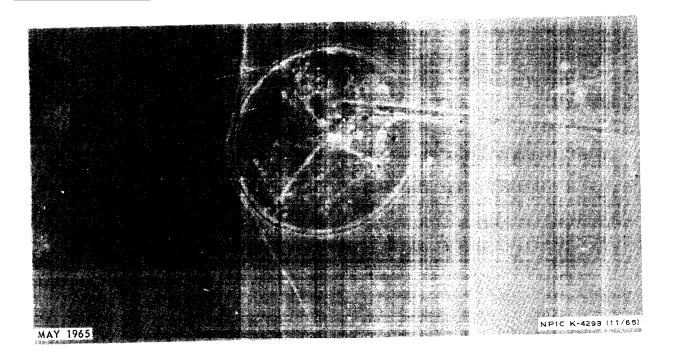
This report has been prepared in response to CIA requirement CO5-82,943 (GMAIC 17-6), which requested a determination of the current status of a facility near Chang-yeh Airfield suspected of being a KRUG site, and any other

evidence of electronic- or missile-associated activity in the Chang-yeh are:
Examination of Mission 100 (January 1962) has revealed that the installation is a high-frequency communications facility having 2 vee antennas and 2 horizontal dipoles. A control building can be observed on photography since January 1962, but no additional antennas can be identified on the later coverage because of small scale and poor image quality. The circular pattern around the facility which suggested it was a KRUG site is a low earth wall used for drainage and/or security.

No other electronic- or missile-associated facilities, except the inner and outer markers at the airfield which are normal aids for traffic control, can be observed in the Chang-yeh area.



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